

# Exercises - Lecture 23 - Solutions

## Ex IV.3.1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i)} \quad \mathbb{E}((a+bx+cz)^2) &= \mathbb{E}(a^2 + b^2x^2 + c^2y^2 \\ &\quad + 2abx + 2ac\ y + 2bcxy) \\ &= a^2 + b^2\mathbb{E}(x^2) + c^2\mathbb{E}(y^2) + 2ab\mathbb{E}(x) + 2ac\mathbb{E}(y) + 2bc\mathbb{E}(xy) \\ &< \infty \quad \text{since } \mathbb{E}(x^2) < \infty, \mathbb{E}(y^2) < \infty \text{ implies} \\ &\quad \mathbb{E}(x), \mathbb{E}(y), \mathbb{E}(xy) \in \mathbb{R}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{(ii)} \quad \langle aX+bY, Z \rangle = \mathbb{E}((aX+bY)Z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \mathbb{E}(aXZ + bYZ) = a\mathbb{E}(XZ) + b\mathbb{E}(YZ) \\ &\quad \text{and } \mathbb{E}(XZ) \in \mathbb{R}, \mathbb{E}(YZ) \in \mathbb{R} \text{ since} \\ &\quad \mathbb{E}(X^2) < \infty, \mathbb{E}(Y^2) < \infty, \mathbb{E}(Z^2) < \infty \end{aligned}$$

$$= a\langle X, Z \rangle + b\langle Y, Z \rangle$$

$$\langle X, Y \rangle = \mathbb{E}(XY) = \langle Y, X \rangle$$

$$\langle X, X \rangle = \mathbb{E}(X^2) \geq 0 \text{ and } 0 \text{ only when } X \stackrel{\text{w.p.1}}{=} 0$$

Therefore  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$  has the three properties necessary to be an inner product.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad 0 \leq \|X+Y\|^2 &= \mathbb{E}((X+Y)^2) = \mathbb{E}(X^2 + 2XY + Y^2) \\ &= \mathbb{E}(X^2) + 2\mathbb{E}(XY) + \mathbb{E}(Y^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cauchy-Schwarz} &\leq \|X\|^2 + 2\|X\|\|Y\| + \|Y\|^2 \\ &= (\|X\| + \|Y\|)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{and so } \|X+Y\| \leq \|X\| + \|Y\|$$

$$\|ax\| = (\mathbb{E}(a^2 x^2))^{1/2} = |a| \|x\|$$

$$\|x\| = 0 \text{ iff } \mathbb{E}(x^2) = 0 \text{ iff } x \stackrel{\text{w.p.1}}{=} 0.$$

Therefore  $\|\cdot\|$  has the three properties of a norm.